

Creating Trauma-Informed Classrooms & Schools

What Is Trauma?

Trauma is a distressing event or set of experiences that can have immediate and long-term impacts on a child's mental and physical health. Trauma is common in children and can result from:

- Abuse or Neglect
- Community or Family Violence
- Stressors of poverty
- Bullying

How Common Is It?

Up to 30% of children in California have experienced one or two adverse childhood experiences (ACEs), a way of defining traumatic events. ACEs are measured through a 10-item questionnaire and can include emotional abuse or losing a parent due to incarceration or divorce.

Almost 17% of adults in California report having experienced four or more ACEs as a child. A person with four or more ACEs is 12 times more likely to attempt suicide and seven times more likely to be an alcoholic.

What Are Typical Symptoms?

Symptoms of trauma include:

- Depression, anxiety, or suicidal behavior.
- Poor emotional control or an emotional response that is out of context.
- Difficulty paying attention, poor memory, and "black or white" thinking.
- Confrontational behavior.
- Poor or changed academic performance or attendance.
- Increase in impulsive, risk-taking behaviors, such as drug use or unprotected sex.
- Physical symptoms, such as a stomach or headache.

Symptoms may also be triggered by circumstances in school, such as:

- Unpredictability or transition in the classroom.
- Being rejected or confronted by peers or adults.
- Sensory stimulation, such as particular sights, smells, and sounds.

For more information about starting a school-based mental health program, please contact the California School-Based Health Alliance at 510-268-1260 or via email at <u>info@schoolhealthcenters.org</u>.



Supporting Students So They Can Succeed in School

Your School Can Support Youth Who Have Experienced Trauma

Take these steps to support students both inside and outside of the classroom:

- Implement school-wide positive climate programs, such as Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports or Restorative Practices
- Provide safe and supportive enrichment activities and after-school programs for students.
- Provide awareness training and consultation for adults on campus.
- Assess the classroom environment to reduce unpredictability, offer coaching to teachers, conduct classroom community building activities, and immediately intervene in situations of bullying.
- Offer easily accessible mental health support, including individual and group services.
- Work with youth identified as living with trauma to develop behavior and crisis plans.
- Ensure youth have at least one caring adult to support them on campus.
- Help adults to build positive relationships with youth.

Resources: Creating a Supportive School Climate

- California School-Based Health Alliance | Webinars, Presentations | www.schoolhealthcenters.org
- Adverse Childhood Experiences | ACE Questionnaire, Research, FAQs | www.acestoohigh.com
- Center for Youth Wellness | Pediatric Screening & Prevention | www.centerforyouthwellness.org
- Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction | Trauma Toolkit | <u>sspw.dpi.wi.gov/sspw_mhtrauma</u>
- Adolescent Health Working Group | Trauma & Resilience Toolkit | www.ahwg.net

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