# HEALING STARTS HERE: Addressing Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) in School-Based Health Centers

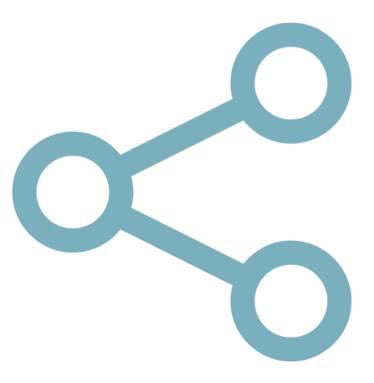












For higher quality audio, dial the number from your webinar invitation link

The webinar is being recorded

Supporting materials will be shared

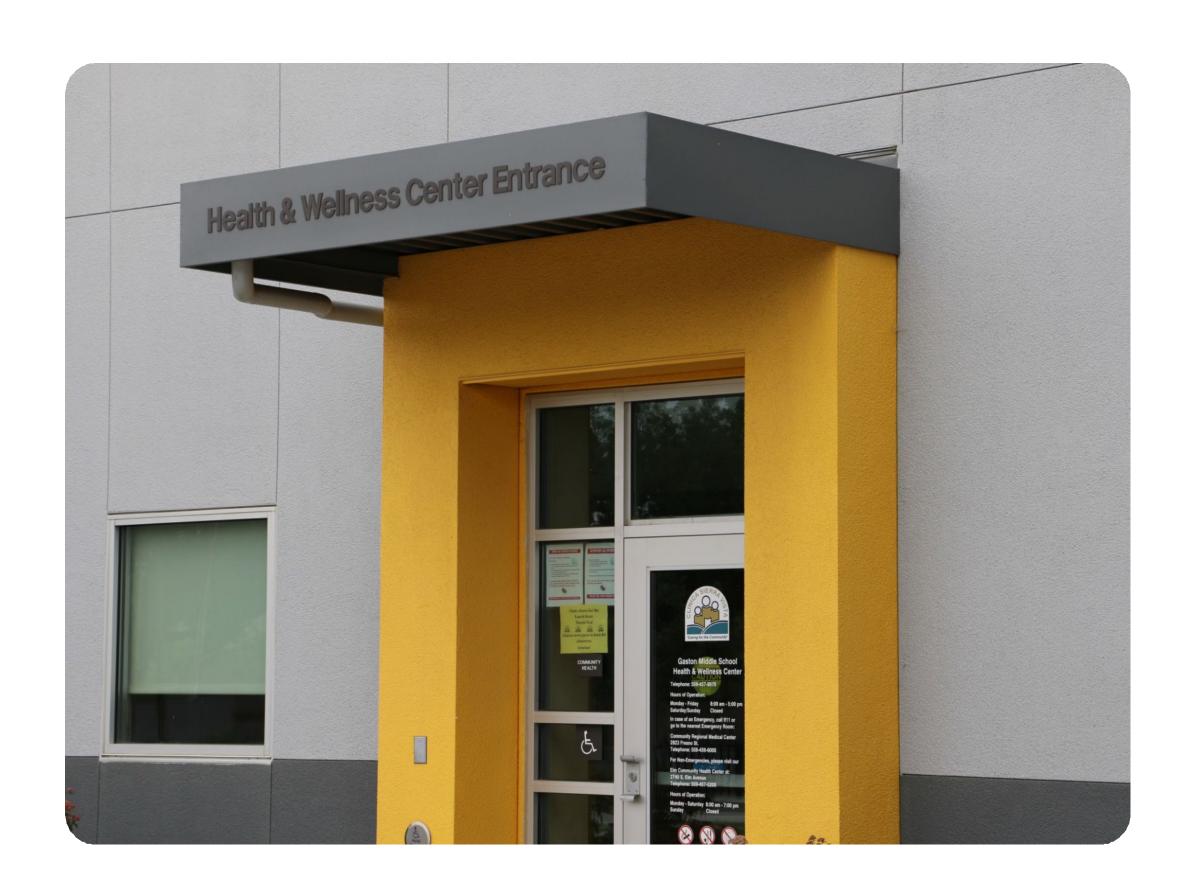


# **PUTTING HEALTH CARE IN SCHOOLS**

The California School-Based Health Alliance is the statewide non-profit organization dedicated to improving the health & academic success of children & youth by advancing health services in schools.

**Learn more:** 

schoolhealthcenters.org



# BECOME A MEMBER, GET EXCLUSIVE BENEFITS

- Conference registration discount
- Tools & resources
- Technical assistance

Sign up today:
bit.ly/CSHAmembership









Mikah Owen, MD, MPH, FAAP

Co-Principal Investigator **UCLA-UCSF ACEs Aware** Family Resilience Network



**Amy Blackshaw, MSW** 

Behavioral Health Project Director California School-Based Health Alliance



# ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES (ACEs)

**ABUSE** 







**PHYSICAL** 

**EMOTIONAL** 

**SEXUAL** 

**NEGLECT** 





**PHYSICAL** 

**EMOTIONAL** 

HOUSEHOLD CHALLENGES



**ILLNESS** 



**VIOLENCE** 









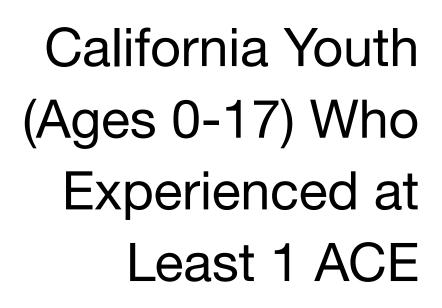


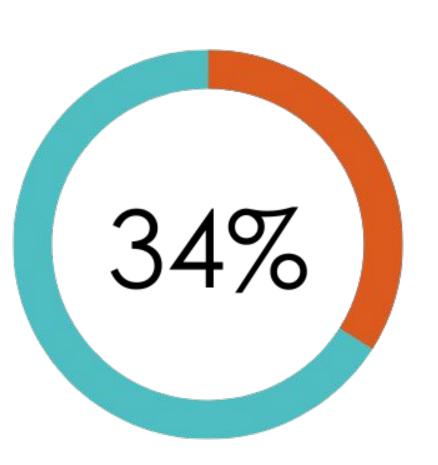




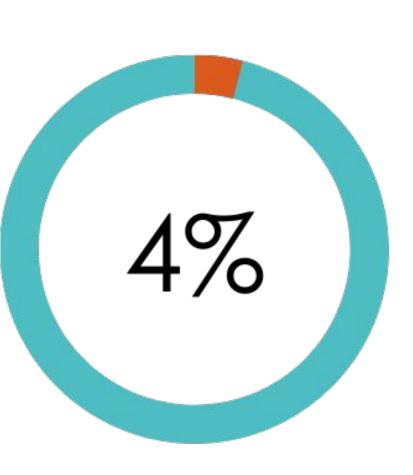


# Prevalence of ACEs among California Youth





California Youth
(Ages 0-17) Who
Have Experienced
4 or More ACEs



U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Survey of Children's Health (Apr. 2023). <a href="https://www.kidsdata.org/topic/2214/aces-nsch-number/Pie#fmt=2760&loc=2,1&tf=159&ch=1256,1454,1455,1457,1259&pdist=172">https://www.kidsdata.org/topic/2214/aces-nsch-number/Pie#fmt=2760&loc=2,1&tf=159&ch=1256,1454,1455,1457,1259&pdist=172</a>







# ACEs Dramatically Increase Risk for 9 of the 10 Leading Causes of Death in U.S.



	Leading Causes of Death in the U.S., 2022	Odds Ratios for ≥ 4 ACEs (relative to no ACEs)
1	Heart disease	2.1
2	Cancer	2.3
3	COVID-19	Unknown
4	Unintentional Injuries (injury with fracture)	2.6
5	Stroke	2.0
6	Chronic lower respiratory diseases	3.1
7	Alzheimer's disease (memory impairment)	4.9
8	Diabetes	1.4
9	Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (hepatitis or jaundice)	2.4
10	Kidney disease	1.7

Source of causes of death: Xu et al 2022 (CDC)
Sources of odds ratios: Hughes et al. for 1, 2, 6, 8; Petrucelli et al. for 4, 5, 7; Center for Youth Wellness for 10; Felitti et al. for 9; Merrick et al. for 10.









# **ACE-Associated Health Conditions - Pediatrics**

- Asthma
- Allergies
- Dermatitis and eczema
- Urticaria
- Impaired management of chronic disease
- Unexplained somatic symptoms (nausea, vomiting, dizziness, constipation)
- Headaches
- Enuresis: encopresis
- Overweight and obesity

- Poor dental health
- Infections (viral, URIs, LRTIs and pneumonia, ADM, it is, conjunctivitis, intestinal
- Sleep disturbances
- Developmental delay
- Learning and/or behavior problems
- Repeating a grade
- Not completing homework
- High school absenteeism
- Not graduating from high school

- Aggression, physical fighting
- ADHD
- Depression, anxiety, conduct behavior disorder
- Suicidal ideation
- Suicide attempts
- Self-harm
- First use of alcohol at < 14 yrs
- First use of illicit drugs < 14 yrs</li>
- Later menarche (≥ 14 yrs)
- Early sexual initiation (<15-17 yrs)</li>
- Teenage pregnancy
- Teenage paternity



# **Additional Risk Factors for Toxic Stress**

Risk factors for toxic stress include any circumstance, exposure, or condition associated with increased likelihood of development of the toxic stress response.

In addition to the original 10 ACE categories, which generally occur in the context of the home environment, some of the other risk factors for toxic stress include:

- Community or school violence
- Discrimination
- Housing instability
- Food insecurity
- Separation of a child from their parent or caregiver (foster care, immigration)
- Living with a parent with serious physical illness or disability
- Having a parent or caregiver who died

Source: Bhushan D, Kotz K, McCall J, Wirtz S, Gilgoff R, Dube SR, Powers C, Olson-Morgan J, Galeste M, Patterson K, Harris L, Mills A, Bethell C, Burke Harris N, Office of the California Surgeon General. Roadmap for Resilience: The California Surgeon General's Report on Adverse Childhood Experiences, Toxic Stress, and Health. Office of the California Surgeon General, 2020. DOI: 10.48019/PEAM8812. (p. xxiv)







# **Protective Factors**



# Protective factors:

"intrinsic or extrinsic conditions or attributes that mitigate risk for toxic stress"

### **Intrinsic Factors**

- Neurologic, endocrine, metabolic, immune, genetic, and epigenetic factors
- Curiosity in learning
- Ability to pay attention
- Ability to regulate emotions

### **Extrinsic Factors**

- Buffering relationships
- Supportive environments
- Community resources

Sources: Bhushan D, Kotz K, McCall J, Wirtz S, Gilgoff R, Dube SR, Powers C, Olson-Morgan J, Galeste M, Patterson K, Harris L, Mills A, Bethell C, Burke Harris N, Office of the California Surgeon General. Roadmap for Resilience: The California Surgeon General's Report on Adverse Childhood Experiences, Toxic Stress, and Health. Office of the California Surgeon General, 2020. DOI: 10.48019/PEAM8812. See notes for additional sources.







# Impact of experiences on health



The balance of negative experiences (risk factors) and positive supports (protective factors) can influence whether we have positive or negative health outcomes

It isn't just the *number* of negative experiences that matter. The type, duration, severity, perception, and developmental timing of negative experiences influence the impact on health.



Source: The Alberta Family Wellness Initiative https://www.albertafamilywellness.org/what-we-know/resilience-scale







# **ACEs and Health Disparities**



- While ACEs affect all communities, notable differences exist in ACE prevalence and ACE-associated negative health outcomes for people who are:
  - Women;
  - Low-income;
  - LGBTQ;
  - Black, Latinx, Indigenous, and other people of color
- Significant disparities also exist in health outcomes by education, income, race, ethnicity, geography, gender, neighborhood, disability, sexual orientation, and citizenship status.
- Discrimination experienced by these groups, including racism, is also a risk factor for toxic stress.

**Source:** National Academics of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. (2019). *Vibrant and healthy kids: Aligning science, practice, and policy to advance health equity.* The National Academics Press. doi:10.17226/25466.







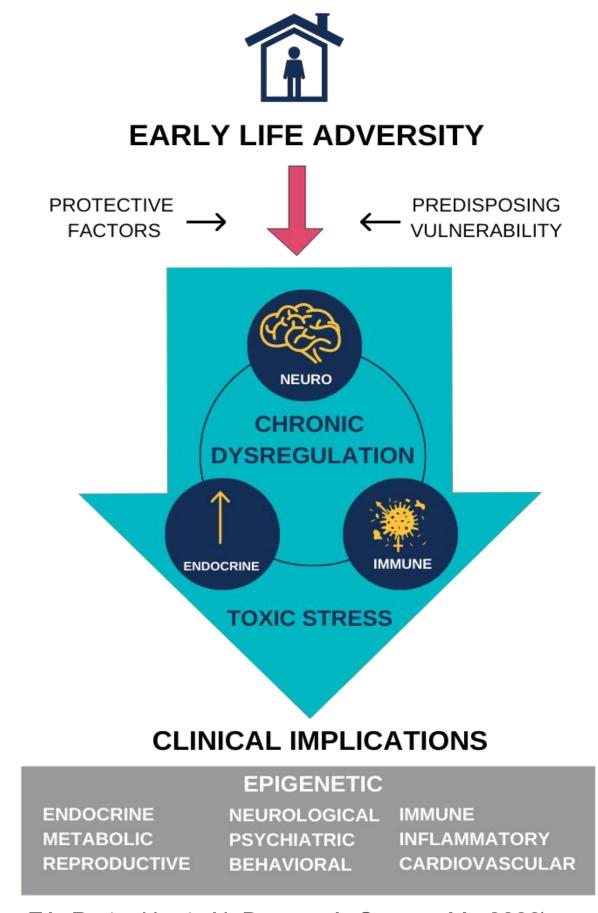
THE BIOLOGY OF

# ADVERSITY

# **The Toxic Stress Response**



"prolonged activation of the stress response systems that can disrupt the development of brain architecture and other organ systems, and increase the risk for stress-related disease and cognitive impairment, well into the adult years..."



(National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine, 2019, Nelson CA, Bhutta ZA, Burke Harris N, Danese A, Samara M., 2020)







# **ACES ARE** DESTINY



# **ACEs Aware Initiative**

First-in-the nation effort to promote early detection and intervention to mitigate the health and societal impacts of Adverse Childhood Experiences(ACEs) and toxic stress.



- Launched in December 2019 as part of Governor Newsom's California for All initiative
- Funded through the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS)



- Collaborative effort between DHCS and the Office of the California Surgeon General (CA-OSG)
- In October 2021, DHCS contracted with the UCLA-UCSF ACEs Aware Family Resilience Network (UCAAN) to continue to implement the ACEs Aware initiative, which previously was implemented by Aurrera Health Group







# **ACEs Aware Goals and Objectives**





# **Raising Awareness**

Train and expand awareness among Medi-Cal providers on ACE screening and response



# **Practice Change**

Support implementation of ACE screening and response for Medi-Cal providers



# **Network of Care**

Support development of a trauma-informed network of care

Reduce ACEs and toxic stress by half in one generation









# Toxic Stress is a Medical Condition that is Amenable to Treatment

- Intervention in children and adolescents can improve neurologic, endocrine, metabolic and immune system development
- Intervention in children, adolescents, and adults:
  - Can improve physical and mental health, including ACE-Associated Health Conditions
  - May prevent transmission of neuro-endocrine-immune-metabolic and genetic regulatory disruptions in offspring.







# **ACE Screening Purpose and Elements**



### Purpose of ACE screening:

- Determine a patient's clinical risk for toxic stress
- To guide an appropriately tailored treatment and follow-up plan to prevent or mitigate the toxic stress response.

### **Elements of ACE screening:**

Complete ACE screening involves understanding a patient's:

- 1. Exposure to adversity as indicated by the ACE score;
- 2. Clinical manifestations of toxic stress (the presence or absence of ACE-Associated Health Conditions); and
- 3. Presence of protective factors.

The first two components are used in assessing clinical risk for toxic stress and all three help to guide effective responses.







# **How ACE Screening Is Done Matters**



• Follow trauma-informed care principles, such as establishing trust, safety, and collaborative decision-making.









# Clinical Response to ACE Screening

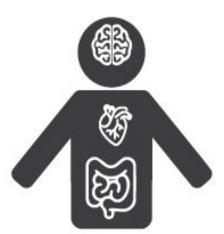




Prevent/Address ACEs & Other Stressors (External Events and Environment)

### **Address Stressors**

 Partner with individuals and communities to lower the stress load



Treat Toxic Stress Physiology (Internal Biology)



- Skills to calm the stress response in the moment
- Long-term healing strategies and interventions



Improved health

### **Improve**

- Health and Wellbeing
- Opportunity
- Equity

Source: Gilgoff R, Schwartz T, Owen M, Bhushan D, Burke Harris N. Opportunities to Treat Toxic Stress. *Pediatrics*. 2023 Jan 1;151(1):e2021055591.







# **Evidenced-Based Buffering Interventions**







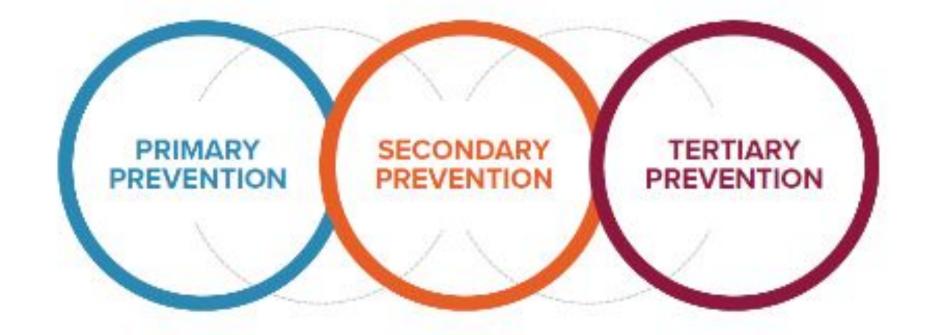




# No Single Sector or Category of Prevention is Sufficient Alone













# California's Coordinated Public Health Approach





**ACE Screening and Clinical Response** 

Trauma-Informed Networks of Care

**Cross-Sector Training and Collaboration** 

**Public Awareness and Education** 

**Health Equity Policy Changes** 





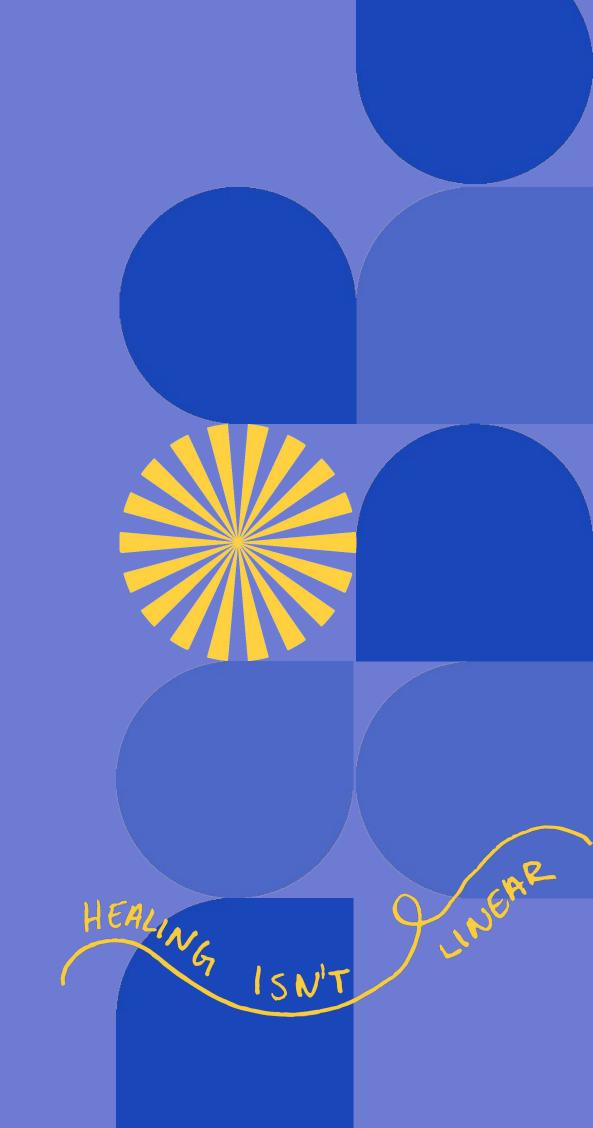


# Live Beyond

Campaign Overview







# Youth and young adult advisory informing development



Baani Sabharwal



Celeste Walley



Celina Inzunza



Christian Jeff Yu Menguito



CiCi Williams



Elita Jasmine Young



Jose Cruz



Josue (Swey)
Pineda



Julio Sagastume



Laura Avila



Luis Wualdemar Tun Orozco



Jada Imani Carter

- 19% self-identify as non-binary/gender non-conforming
- 14% AAPI
- 33% Hispanic/Latinx
- 24% Black/African American
- 10% White
- 4% mixed identities, inclusive of Native American/Alaskan Native and Middle Eastern



Nancy Martinez Urieta



Ronaldo (Ronnie) Villeda



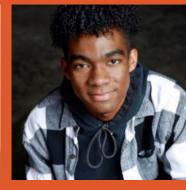
Juniper Brown



Setareh Harsamizadeh Tehrani



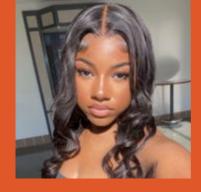
Shae Dellamaggiore



Shamar Knox



Sharon Tang



Zen'Ayah (Zee) Finley

Alameda, Fresno, Imperial, Los Angeles, Madera, Orange, Sacramento, San Joaquin, San Diego, San Francisco, Santa Barbara,

Stanislaus, and Ventura
Counties

Representation from:







# **Campaign Creative**



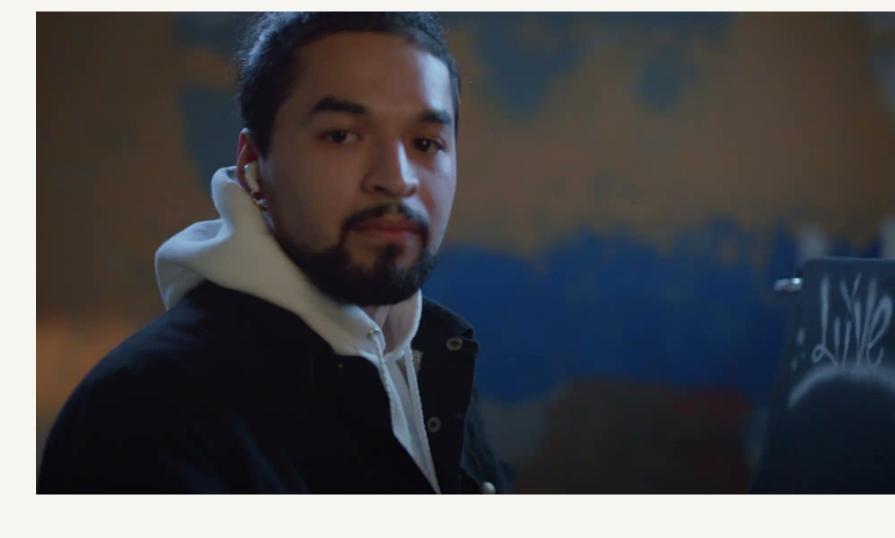














Take the training today!

Scan the QR Code

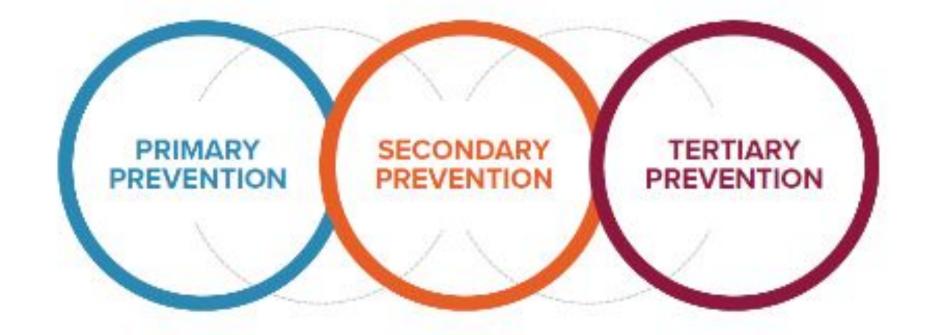


training.acesaware.org

# No Single Sector or Category of Prevention is Sufficient Alone















# Training: Becoming ACEs Aware Certified



Take the training at:

training.acesaware.org/aa/detail?id=500

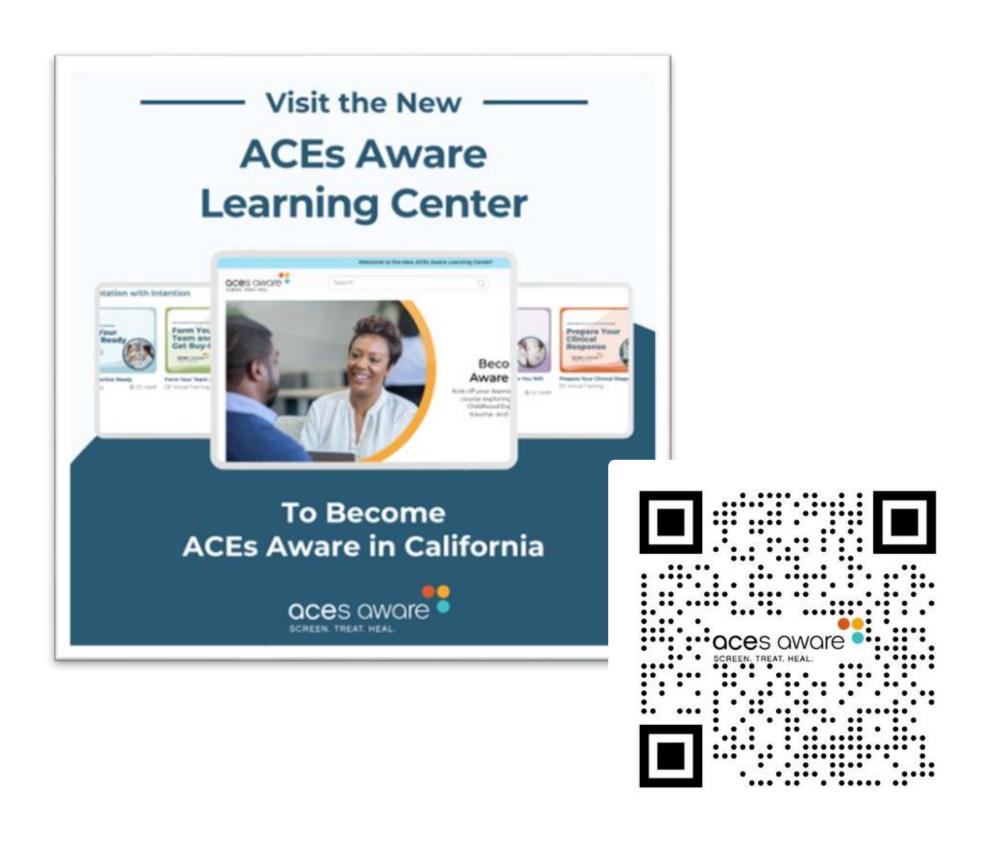
- Qualified Medi-Cal providers are eligible for a \$29 payment for qualifying Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) screenings for pediatric and adult patients (up to age 65) with full scope Medi-Cal.
- The training offers 2.0 Continuing Education credits and 2.0 Maintenance of Certification credits upon completion.
- Providers who intend to receive Medi-Cal payment for ACE screenings must complete the training and provide their National Provider Identifier (NPI) information as part of the training evaluation.
- Certified clinicians are encouraged to join the <u>ACEs Aware Clinician</u> <u>Directory</u>.







# **ACEs Aware Learning Center**



# There's more to explore on the ACEs Aware Learning Center:

- The *Becoming ACEs Aware in California* online training, entitles eligible Medi-Cal providers to be reimbursed for ACE screening.
- Training on evidence-based toxic stress mitigation strategies (Stress Busters).
- Live and on-demand training webinars that are free and provide continuing education credit.
- Easy access to certificates and continuing education credits.

training.acesaware.org







# Resources for the Clinical Response to ACE Screening





### Go to acesaware.org/managestress to find:

- Patient handouts
- Online course for providers
- Short videos
- Crisis and safety resources
- And more!











# Thank You

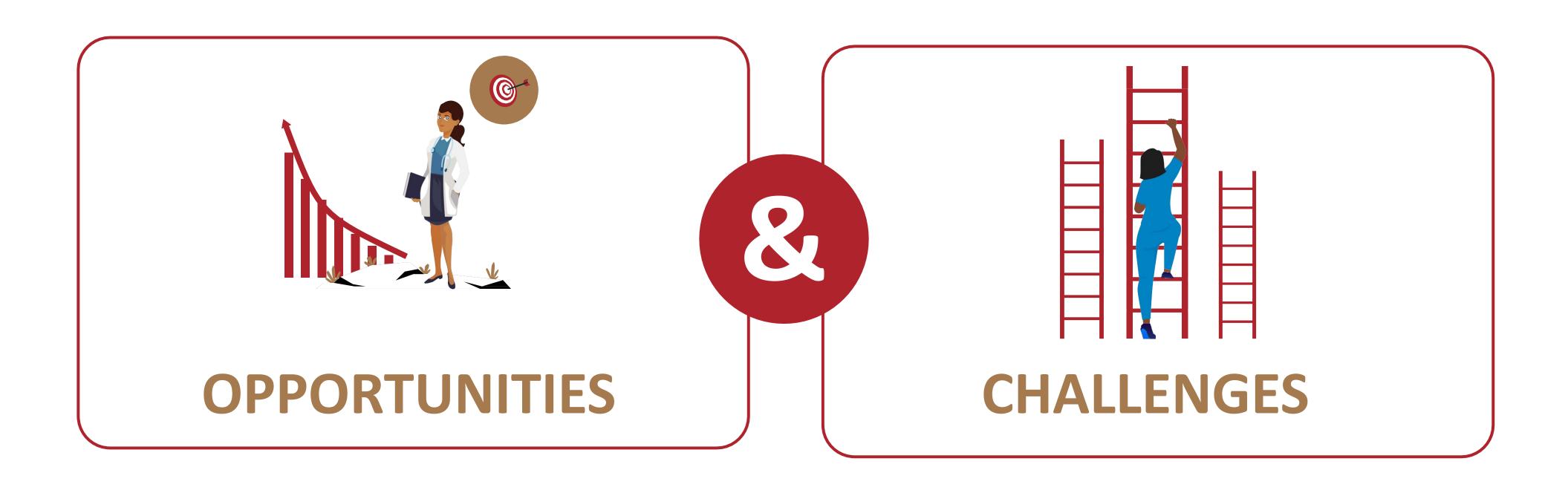
Questions@ACEsAware.org







# SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS AND ACE SCREENING



# SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS AND ACE SCREENING

# **Accessibility:**

Located where students spend most of their time

# **Integrated Care:**

Multidisciplinary teams offer comprehensive care

# **Trusted Source of Care:**

Strong trust between students, families, and school staff

# **Care Coordination:**

Seamless collaboration with schools via MTSS



# BENEFITS

### **Convenient Access:**

Eliminates barriers like transportation and cost

# **Multidisciplinary Teams:**

Collaboration between health and school staff

# **Stronger Relationship:**

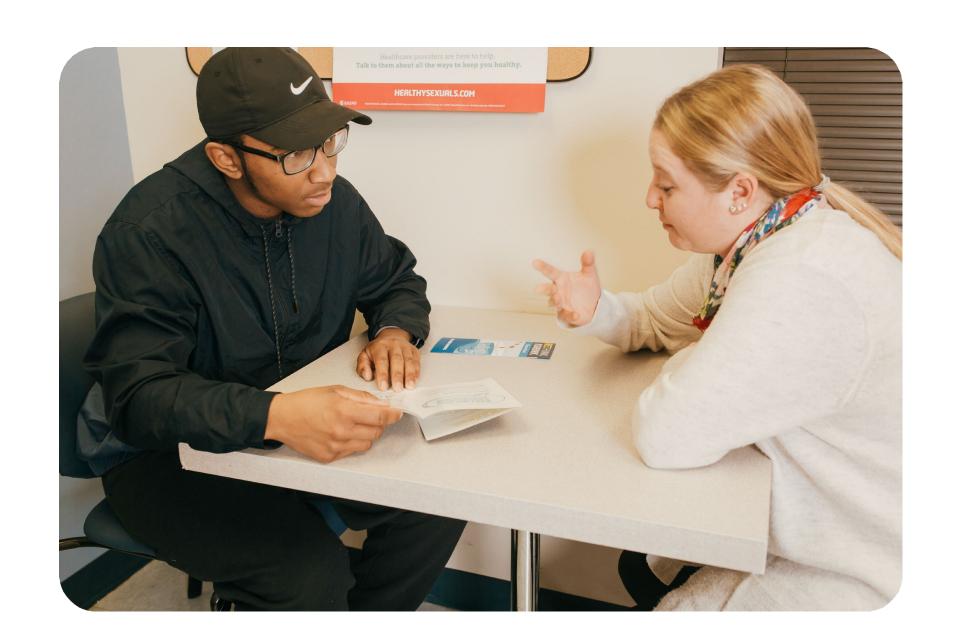
School environment fosters trust with students

## **Trauma-Informed Care:**

Existing framework for addressing ACEs and toxic stress

# **Financial Sustainability:**

ACE screening provides additional revenue



# SBHC IMPACT ON YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH



70%–80% of children and adolescents who receive mental health services, access the services in school.



Youth are 6 times more likely to complete evidence-based treatment in a school setting vs a community based setting.

- School-based settings provide mental health professionals easy access to educators, who report both increased abilities to respond appropriately to students in psychological distress and better relationships with students.
- Higher quality relationships with adults for youth has been linked to reduced mental health distress and a protective factor against suicide.

# **ACE SCREENING IN SBHCS - A TRAUMA-INFORMED APPROACH**



More than just a questionnaire:

trauma-inform ed environment



Emphasizes safety, trust, universal education, support, collaboration, empowerment



SBHCs well-suited to meet these needs through ongoing care and tailored services

# **CHALLENGES**

# **Limited Resources:**

Shortage of behavioral health providers and community resources

# **Managing High ACE Scores:**

Concerns about stigma and system involvement

# **Screening Fatigue:**

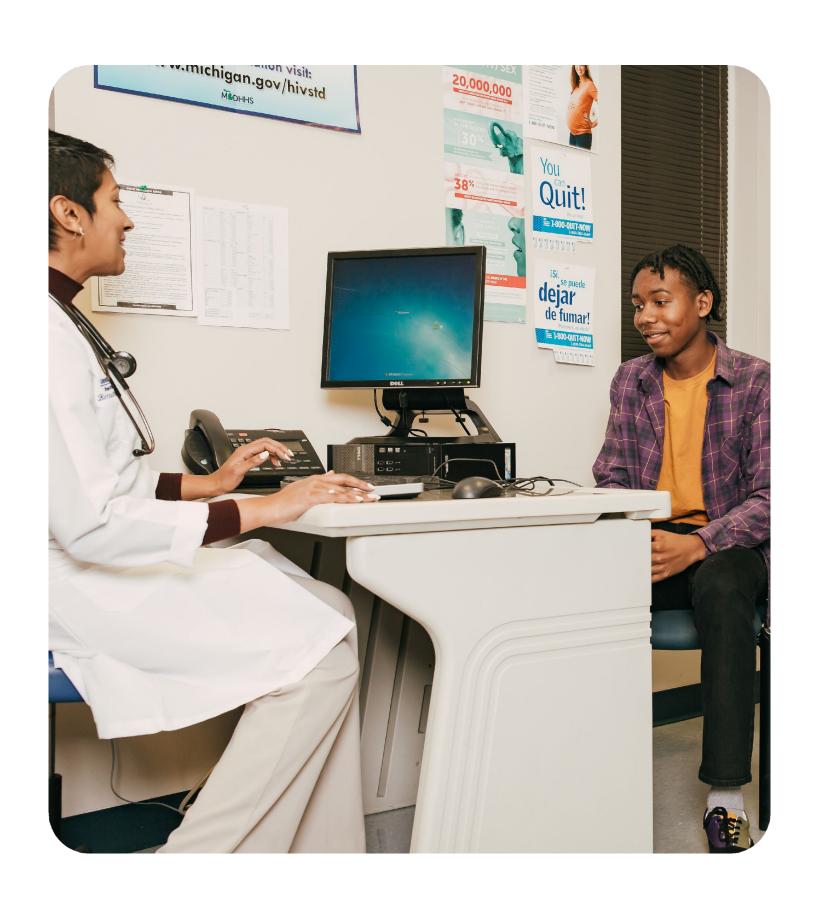
Integrating ACE screening without overwhelming staff

## **Time Constraints:**

Balancing billable visits with comprehensive care

# **Organizational Buy-In:**

Securing support from lead agencies



# AN INVITATION

- Opportunity to integrate ACE screening in SBHCs
- CSHA and UCAAN launching ACEs Aware Learning Community for SBHCs
- Grants of up to \$10,000 available
- Webinars, collaborate learning, and individualized technical assistance offered

# **Overview**



# FREE RESOURCES AVAILABLE





www.schoolhealthcenters.org/ our-work/



### **VISION TO REALITY**

From Vision to Reality, our toolkit on starting a school-based health center (SBHC), is a comprehensive resource for anyone seeking to expand health services for students.



### **KEY STEPS TO PLANNING**

The first steps of establishing a new school-based health and wellness center can feel daunting. Our <u>Key Steps to Planning</u> overview outlines the high-level activities to get started.



### **BEST PRACTICES CHECKLIST**

The <u>Best Practices Checklist</u> is designed to help school-based health and wellness center staff identify areas where they can strengthen their practices and improve the quality and sustainability of services.



# ACE Screening In School-Based Health Centers

# The Role of School-Based Health Centers in the ACEs Aware Initiative:

Current Practices and Recommendations



# QUESTIONS?



# **UPCOMING CSHA WEBINARS**

# My Voice Saves Lives: Engaging Young People as TUPE Peer Educators

- Wednesday, October 9th 2024, 1:00 2:00 PM Pacific
- Registration Link

# The Triangulum of Cannabis, Tobacco, and E-cigarette Use: Its Effects on Physical Health, Addiction, and Mental Health, and How You Can Best Help

- Wednesday, November 6th 2024, 10:00 11:00 AM Pacific
- Registration Link

# Wellness Coaches and SBHCs

November 21, 2024, 2:00 -3:00 PM

# STAY CONNECTED

- schoolhealthcenters.org
- info@schoolhealthcenters.org
- **y** sbh4ca
- ල sbh4ca



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